Horizon – Brighton Secondary School, SA – 2018 F1 in Schools World Final - Singapore
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ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
In preparing the F1 in Schools™ Australian Technical Rules, certain wording and images have been adopted from the World Final Technical Regulations.

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PREFACE
This document only contains ‘Technical Regulations’. A separate document encompasses the ‘Competition Regulations’.
These regulations will be valid for all 2019 State Finals and the 2020 National Final. Some changes may only be valid for National Finals.
Car diagrams and images used in this document are an illustrative representation only and do not necessarily constitute a ‘legal’ design.

Summary of Main Revisions from Review of 2018/2019 Season
The following summary provides an overview of all technical related regulations that have been revised from the 2018/2019 season’s regulations.
It is each team’s responsibility to thoroughly read this document in order to identify wording changes and to understand any impact this may have on their project.
All changes between this season and last season are identified within the document by using red underlined text.

Removed Regulation Articles
The following articles have been removed from last season’s Technical Regulations.

ARTICLE T1 - DEFINITIONS
Nil changes

ARTICLE T2 - GENERAL PRINCIPLES
T2.5.1 Addition of T8.3 as a Critical Regulation

ARTICLE T3 - GENERAL CAR REGULATIONS
T3.3.2 Updated Car Finishing & Assembly evidence requirements

ARTICLE T4 - BODY & SIDE POD REGULATIONS
T4.5 Updated Virtual Cargo Identification requirements and provision of diagram
T4.6 Updated Exclusion Zones wording

ARTICLE T5 - NOSECONE REGULATIONS
Nil changes

ARTICLE T6 - WING RULES
Nil changes

ARTICLE T7 - WHEEL RULES
Nil changes

ARTICLE T8 - WHEEL SUPPORT REGULATIONS
T8.3 Now a Critical Regulation

ARTICLE T9 - TETHER LINE GUIDE REGULATIONS
T9.2 Update to wording of Longitudinal Separation measurement

ARTICLE T10 - POWER PLANT PROVISIONS
Nil changes
ARTICLE T1 - DEFINITIONS

T1.1 Australian Competition Season
The standard sequence of Australian competitions runs across two calendar years. The State Finals held Sept/Oct/Nov in one year will feed to the National Final in February/March/April of the following year. This encompasses a complete season, for which the rules SHOULD remain constant. REA Foundation Ltd reserves the right to update / revise the rules if deemed appropriate.

T1.2 World Final Competition
The Australian National Final will feed into a World Final which is usually held anywhere from September through November each year depending on the country hosting this competition. For teams aspiring to represent Australia at the World Final, please be aware that the world final rules are different to the Australian rules.

T1.3 Language Used
The language of the rules is tiered. Those clauses expressed as “MUST” or “WILL” are mandatory and failure to comply will attract objective penalties - points and/or racing and/or in the extreme, disqualification. Those expressed as “SHOULD” or “MAY” reflect some level of discretion and choice. Some clauses will be satisfied through team registration processes or declarations signed as complied with as part of the Challenge Terms and Conditions, whilst others will be tested through a variety of objective and subjective judging.

T1.4 Penalties
A range of penalties will be applied for non-compliance with identified regulations. These penalties include:

- **T1.4.1 Point Penalty**
  Invoked from non-compliance with technical regulations and some competition regulations governing portfolio or trade booth restrictions. These are identified as [Point Penalty].

- **T1.4.2 Time Penalty**
  Invoked from non-compliance with Technical Regulations which are identified as critical through the use of the danger symbol at left and listed in ARTICLE T2.5. These will be identified as [Time Penalty] and will be applied as 0.05 second to every run/lap for every critical regulation violated up to a maximum of 0.5 second.

- **T1.4.3 Eligibility**
  Teams need to meet certain eligibility criteria to compete at a State or National Final. Failure to comply with certain eligibility criteria MAY lead to disqualification from the competition, a judging element or a class of competition [Eligibility].

T1.5 Competition Classes
There are three competition classes in the Australian F1 in Schools™ competition:

- **T1.5.1 Cadet Class (Years 5 – 12)**
  A simplified project with restricted pathway to state level competitions and no pathway to the world final. Students may only participate in this class once. Maximum 1 – 3 team members
  - T1.5.1.1 Junior: Years 5 – 9 only
  - T1.5.1.2 Senior: Years 10 – 12

- **T1.5.2 Development Class (Years 5 – 9)**
  For first time entering students or those who have only participated in the Cadet Class previously. Students may only participate in this class once. This class provides a collaboration team pathway to the World Final. Maximum 3 – 5 team members.
  - T1.5.2.1 Junior: Years 5 – 9 only

- **T1.5.3 Professional Class (Years 5 – 12)**
  Open to all students but usually only entered by students in Years 5-9 who have competed in the Cadet or Development classes previously. The National Champion Professional Class team will represent Australia at the World Final. Maximum 3 – 5 team members.
  - T1.5.3.1 Junior: Years 5 – 9 only
  - T1.5.3.2 Senior: Years 10 – 12
T1.6 F1 in Schools™ Cars

These are Car A and Car B, also referred to as ‘the cars’, and MUST be designed and manufactured according to these regulations for the purpose of participating in races on the F1 in Schools™ track at a State or National Final event, powered only by a single gas cylinder containing 8 grams of pressurised CO2. F1 in Schools™ cars are designed to travel the 20 metre race distance as quickly as possible, whilst withstanding the forces of launch acceleration, track traversing and physical deceleration after crossing the finishing line.

Each F1 in Schools™ car assembly MUST only consist of the following mandatory components and/or features:

- A body
- Side pods
- CO2 cylinder chamber
- Front wing
- Rear wing
- Wing support structures (optional)
- Nosecone
- Wheels
- Wheel support systems
- Tether line guide support system (Cadet Class must comply with ARTICLE T9.5.1)
- Tether line guides
- Surface finishing and decals

Adhesives are permissible for joining components.

Failure to have any of the listed mandatory components or features WILL result in all relevant penalties being applied.

T1.7 Vertical Reference Plane

To assist with describing dimensions, it is assumed that a two dimensional invisible plane exists along the length of the CO2 cylinder chamber centre axis and perpendicular to the track surface. This is known as the vertical reference plane.

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1 Car B not Applicable to the Cadet Class
**T1.8 Fully Assembled Cars**
Two\(^2\) F1 in Schools™ cars, without a CO2 cylinder inserted, presented ready for racing, resting on the track surface, free of any external force other than gravity.

**T1.9 Body**
The body is defined as the primary connective structure of the car. It is a *solid, uninterrupted* piece of balsa wood which begins at either the front axle centre line or at the boundary of the front wheel support, and extends rearward. For dimensional purposes the body also includes any attached decals and surface finishes. Any balsa wood forward of the front axle centre line is not defined as car body. The body can be thought of as the monocoque car chassis with which all other legal components are integrated.

**T1.10 Side Pod**
Defined as a feature of the car body between the front and rear wheels satisfying the side pod dimensional rules.

**T1.11 CO2 Cylinder Chamber**
A circular cylinder of clear space bounded along its side and one end by car body only. This is where the CO2 gas cylinder is placed for racing. Extreme violations of ARTICLE T10 rules MAY lead to cars being deemed ineligible to race due to safety concerns or starting pod incompatibility resulting in zero points for racing.

**T1.12 Wing**
A wing on an F1 in Schools™ car is an aerodynamic feature that permits airflow around *ALL* of its cross sectional boundary. It includes features of a leading and trailing edge. A wing is dimensionally defined by the minimum dimensions of span and chord, and maximum dimensions of thickness.

**T1.13 Wing Support Structure**
Is a feature, other than wing, car body or nosecone that joins a wing surface to another component of the car assembly. Wing end plates will only be classified as wing support structure if they are not required to comply with minimum span dimensions, else wing end plates will be considered to be wing.
T1.14 Span
Measurement of a wing span is made parallel to the track surface, on the top or bottom surface of the wing (in the ‘y’ direction), whichever produces the shortest dimension. Intersecting the wing with other car parts including the body, nosecone or supporting structure reduces the effective span to the sum of the clear airspace envelope segments. An undersized span will lead to deeming the existence of an undersized chord and thickness.

T1.15 Chord
A wing’s chord is measured along the chord line from leading edge to trailing edge. Supporting structures are not included in the measurement. The wing chord minimum dimensions **MUST** be satisfied across the minimum dimensions that define the wing span. An undersized chord **WILL** lead to deeming the existence of an undersized thickness.

T1.16 Thickness
The thickness of a wing is measured perpendicular to the chord line. Supporting structures are not included in the measurement. The wing thickness min/max dimensions **MUST** be satisfied across the minimum dimensions that define the wing span.

T1.17 Nosecone
The nosecone is a component of the car, other than wheel, wheel support system, wing or wing support structure, that exists forward of the front axle centre line. This includes any balsa wood or material that continues forward of the front axle centre line, or any other legal materials.

T1.18 Wheel
A wheel is a single part or assembly of components, cylindrical in form, with its maximum circumference contacting the track surface, enabling motion of the car through its rotation. All material existing within the volume of the extreme diameter and width is considered to be part of the wheel.

T1.19 Wheel Support System
The wheel support system is defined as the collection of components that connect the wheels to the car body. Legal components include items such as shafts, bushings, and bearings. Wheel support systems are single parts or an assembly of components that connect a wheel to any other part of the car. These may consist of a combination of manufactured or commercially available parts.

T1.20 Moving Components
Moving components are permitted on a car. A moving component is defined as any part or assembly of parts that is attached to another part of the car via either sliding, rotational or flexible joints and is not prevented from moving by some locking feature. The range of motion of a moving component is defined as the full motion between features on the car which limit the motion of the moving component. The specific force required to move a moving component shall not be considered in determining the range of motion. A car must remain legal over the entire range of motion of any moving components. During scrutineering a car will be measured with moving components positioned at the extents of their range of motion and at any other location within their range of motion required to determine the compliance with rules over the full range of possible motion. Components intended to be “rigid” but exhibiting minor flexure will not be classified as “moving components”.

T1.21 Tether Guide Support System
A tether guide support system is a feature, other than tether guides, car body or nosecone that joins a tether guide to another component of the car assembly. An example of this is a tether line slot which is a rectangular prism of clear space (6mm x 6mm) that is bounded by solid material on three sides of its length. This slot features on the official REA balsa wood block and this **MAY** be incorporated into the car’s design as part of the tether guide support system. For security, the slot, must remain between the guides for Cadet Class teams. Refer to ARTICLE T9.5.1.

T1.22 Tether Line Guide
A tether line guide is a key safety component which completely surrounds the track tether line so as to safely connect the car to the tether line during races. A tether line guide can be a component sourced from a supplier or manufactured wholly or in part by the team.
T1.23 Surface Finish & Decals
A surface finish on an F1 in Schools™ car is considered to be any applied visible surface covering, of uniform thickness over the profile of a car component. A decal is material adhered to a component or surface finish. To be defined as a decal, it must be a maximum 2mm in thickness and 100% of the area of the adhering side must be attached to a surface. Surface finishes and decals are included when measuring the dimensions of any components they feature on. Refer to the Competition Regulations for more information.

Teams MUST use the REA supplied sidepod and corporate logo car sticker decals. These car sticker decals will be provided at the point of event registration and teams will be given 15 minutes to apply them before submitting Cars A & B for Specifications Judging.

Teams are NOT permitted to create their own F1 in Schools™ or REA Corporate Partner car sticker decals.

T1.23.1 F1 in Schools™ Logo Car Sticker Decals
This consists of the ‘A F1 in Schools™’ decal for Car A, the ‘B F1 in Schools™’ decal for Car B and the non-alpha F1 in Schools decal for a team’s display car. The F1 in Schools™ logo graphics are printed on either black or white with a horizontal dimension of 30mm and vertical dimension of 15mm. Teams will be provided with the black or the white background sticker decal so as to provide maximum contrast with the colour of the surface the sticker decal is being adhered to. Official car sticker decals are supplied by REA Foundation Ltd at event registration. Refer to the Competition Regulations for more information.

T1.23.2 REA Corporate Partner Car Sticker Decals
This consists of the REA Foundation Ltd logo text and globe graphic, Australian Government Department of Defence logo text and coat of arms graphic and Visual Connections logo and text graphic, printed on either black or white with a horizontal dimension of 30mm and vertical dimension of 15mm. Teams will be provided with either the black or the white background sticker decal so as to provide maximum contrast with the colour of the surface the sticker decal is being adhered to. Official car sticker decals are supplied by REA Foundation Ltd at event registration.
T1.24 Hand Finishing
Hand finishing is defined as use of a hand powered device (e.g. abrasive paper) for removing only the irregularities that may remain on a CNC machined surface of the car body. These irregularities are often referred to as ‘scalloping marks’.

T1.25 REA Official Balsa Wood Block
The REA official balsa wood block is a homogenous piece of forested balsa wood, processed to the dimensional features as shown by diagrams in the appendix of this document. Note that use of the F1 in Schools Model Foam Block is no longer permitted for the Australian National competition but MUST be used for the World Final competition.

T1.26 Engineering Drawings
CAD produced drawings which should be such that, along with relevant CAM programs, could theoretically be used to manufacture the fully assembled car by a third party. Such drawings SHOULD include all relevant dimensions, tolerances and material information. F1 in Schools™ engineering drawings MUST include detail to specifically identify and prove compliance for the virtual cargo and wing surfaces.

T1.27 Launch Energy Recovery System (LERS)
It will not be permitted to attach any device, including a LERS device, to the track or starting mechanism or car, or modify the track or starting mechanism in any way for ANY race event within the Australian F1 in Schools competition including Regional Finals. Car alignment devices are permitted provided they are removed from the track and starting mechanism prior to a run.

ARTICLE T2 - GENERAL PRINCIPLES

T2.1 Regulations Documents
REA Foundation Ltd. issues the regulations, their revisions and amendments made.

T2.1.1 Technical Regulations
This document. The Technical Regulations document is mainly concerned with those regulations that are directly related to F1 in Schools™ car design and manufacture. Technical Regulation article numbers have a ‘T’ prefix.

T2.1.2 Competition Regulations
A document separate to this one which is mainly concerned with regulations and procedures directly related to judging and the competition event. Competition Regulation article numbers have a ‘C’ prefix.

T2.2 Interpretation of the Regulations
The final text of these regulations is in English should any dispute arise over their interpretation. The text of a regulation, diagrams and any related definitions should be considered together for the purpose of interpretation.

Text Clarification - Any questions received that are deemed by REA Foundation Ltd. to be related to regulation text needing clarification will be answered by REA Foundation Ltd. The question received, along with the clarification provided by REA Foundation Ltd., will be published to all competing teams at the same time.

T2.3 Amendments to the Regulations
Any amendments will be announced and released by REA Foundation Ltd. by email notification to all teachers nominated in the school registration, as well as the updated revision being uploaded to the website at http://rea.org.au/f1-in-schools/. Any amended text will be indicated thus (using red underlined text).

T2.4 Safe Construction
All submitted cars will be inspected closely to ensure that they are engineered and constructed safely for the purpose of racing. High importance is placed on ensuring that tether line guides are robust and secure. If the Judges rule any aspect of a team’s race cars to be unsafe for racing, the team will be required to make repairs / modifications. Any such repair work WILL result in a penalty being applied. Teams are advised to check both the Technical and Competition Regulations for further advice.

[Eligibility | 10 Pt Penalty]
T2.5 Compliance with Critical Regulations
Points are deducted for non-compliance with the technical regulations. Both Car A and Car B are scrutinised and points will be deducted for any infringements on either car. These penalties are only imposed once, per infringement.

T2.5.1 Penalties for Critical Regulations
Some of the more critical regulations WILL attract both a 4 Point Penalty and a 0.05 second Time Penalty as per ARTICLE T1.4. The critical regulations are:


T2.6 Rectification of Critical Regulation Infringements
Any team whose race cars have been deemed by Scrutineers to have infringed a regulation attracting a Time Penalty, will be given an opportunity to rectify this prior to racing with the effect of removing the time penalty. The original point penalty will stand. Teams unable to rectify at this time should refer to the Competition Regulations for more information.

T2.7 Measurements

T2.7.1 No Tolerance Unless Stated
No tolerance will be applied for dimensions unless otherwise stated.

T2.7.2 No Tolerance for Mass
No tolerance will be applied when measuring mass.

T2.7.3 Dimensional Measures
All car component dimensions are inclusive of any applied paint finish or decal. A series of specially manufactured gauges will be used to broadly verify dimensional compliance. Accurate measuring tools, such as Vernier calipers, will then be used to closely inspect any dimensions found to be close to the dimensional limits per the initial gauge inspection.

T2.7.4 Scrutineering of Finished Product
Whilst your CAD design MAY comply with dimensional regulations, the process of machining, finishing and assembly WILL individually impact on the final dimensions of the finished product submitted for scrutineering. It is the actual product that is measured in scrutineering. It is not the design intent that is judged in scrutineering.

T2.7.5 Mass Measurements
All mass measurements will be made using the REA Foundation Ltd. electronic competition scales which are accurately calibrated to +/- 0.1g.

T2.7.6 Scrutineering with CO2 Cylinder Inserted
Scrutineering of cars will be conducted with a charged CO2 cylinder inserted into the chamber. The mass of the cylinder will be 29g with a tolerance of +/- 0.5g.

T2.7.7 Scrutineering Throughout all Configurations
Scrutineering of cars will be conducted by examining cars throughout all possible configurations. Refer to ARTICLE T1.20.
ARTICLE T3 - GENERAL CAR REGULATIONS

T3.1 Design, Manufacture & Construction

T3.1.1 CAD & CAM Software Required
All F1 in Schools™ cars MUST be designed and engineered using CAD (Computer Aided Design) and CAM (Computer Aided Manufacture) technology. CAD software used should provide for 3D part modelling, assembly and 3D realistic rendering. The CAM package should allow students to simulate CNC machining processes so they can show evidence of these in their portfolio. We recommend the use of DENFORD QuickCAM PRO software.

T3.1.2 CNC Requirement
The body of all F1 in Schools cars MUST be manufactured via material removal using a CNC router/ milling machine. We recommend all teams use a DENFORD CNC router. This manufacturing process should occur at your school/college or at a designated manufacturing centre/partner site.

T3.1.3 Identical Components
The race cars¹ MUST have identically designed components and features.

T3.1.4 Machining Requirements - Development Class
Development Class teams have two options as follows when manufacturing their cars on a CNC machine using only a 6mm diameter cutter.

- T3.1.4.1 Side Machining: 1 x mirrored NC code, executed twice; OR
- T3.1.4.2 Top/Bottom Machining: 2 x NC codes executed once each.

T3.1.5 Machining Requirements - Cadet Class
Cadet Class Teams MUST manufacture their car on a CNC machine using only a side machining process with 1 x mirrored NC code and a 6mm diameter cutter.

T3.1.6 Hand Machining - Cadet & Development Class
Development Class and Cadet Class Teams MAY machine axle and/or axle grommet holes by an additional hand or CNC process.

T3.1.7 No Separately Formed Balsa Parts - Cadet Class
For Cadet Class Teams, no balsa wood parts are to be separately formed and glued to the main body.

T3.1.8 Balsa as the Default Material - Cadet Class
Cadet Class Teams MUST use balsa as the default material for all non-rotating components of the car including the body, side pods and wings. No other materials are permitted.

T3.2 Leading Features Minimum Width

The minimum width of any pointed feature of the car assembly MAY vary over the first 6mm of its length from its forward most extremity. Teams are advised to check ARTICLE T2.4 for further advice.

- T3.2.1 Forward Most Extremity
  Minimum width at forward most extremity: 3mm or R1.5mm

- T3.2.2 6mm Back from Forward Most Extremity
  Minimum width at 6mm back from forward most extremity: 6mm

T3.3 Finishing & Assembly

T3.3.1 Post Machining Processes
All cars are expected to be finished to a high standard and MUST reflect the features of the documented CAD design. Features of the machined car other than machining scallops SHOULD NOT be removed.

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¹ Does not apply to Cadet Class
T3.3.2 Signed Car Finishing Declaration [Eligibility I 10 Pt Penalty]
All team cars MUST be assembled, painted and finished by team members only. ALL Documented supporting evidence must be submitted with a signed Car Finishing Declaration Form. Evidence MUST be provided as hard copy photographs bound within the Engineering Compliance Booklet. This should include a step by step process of the transformation of the cars from their raw manufactured condition through to their fully finished and assembled form by team members who MUST be present in the photographic evidence.
See also ARTICLES C2.7.2 and C2.4.1.5 in the Australian Competition Regulations.

T3.3.3 Hand Finishing [10 Pt Penalty]
Hand finishing of the car assembly is permitted. Refer ARTICLE T1.24. Maximum variation to CAD model - including Critical Regulation Rectification processes - is 3mm.

T3.3.4 Hand Created Features [10 Pt Penalty]
No feature of the car body, side pods and wings is to be created solely by a hand process.

T3.4 Car Decals

T3.4.1 Entry Number Sticker [Advice]
When teams submit Car A and B at event registration, a small, round, numbered and colour coded sticker will be applied to the underside of each car. This number will be unique for each team and colour coded for each class of the competition. Teams are NOT permitted to design and apply their own entry number stickers.

T3.4.2 REA Foundation Ltd. Corporate Partner Logos [2 Pt Penalty each]
These sticker decals MUST be displayed on all cars at State and National Finals and will be supplied by REA at event check-in. Refer to T1.23 for more information. Each decal infringement attracts a 2pt penalty.

T3.4.3 Minimum Dimensions & Positioning [2 Pt Penalty each]

T3.4.3.1 Minimum Dimensions
The REA Foundation Ltd., Department of Defence, Visual Connections and F1 in Schools sticker decals MUST maintain minimum dimensions of 30mm long and 15mm wide. Any trimming of decals will result in a 2pt penalty for each infringement.

T3.4.3.2 Positioning of F1 in Schools Sticker Decals [2 Pt Penalty each]
The ‘A’ F1 in Schools decals are to be applied to Car A’s sidepods and the ‘B’ F1 in Schools™ decals are to be applied to Car B’s sidepods. Refer to ARTICLE T1.23. Each decal infringement attracts a 2pt penalty. Picture following example only.

T3.4.3.3 Positioning of Other Corporate Sticker Decals [2 Pt Penalty each]
All remaining REA supplied corporate sticker decals MUST be clearly visible in the top or side view of the car.

T3.4.4 Regional Sponsors [Advice]
If your region is supported by a sponsor, corresponding sponsor recognition MUST be included in displays, portfolio and on the car.

T3.5 Undefined Features [0.05 Time Penalty | 4 Pt Penalty]
The car assembly MUST only consist of components listed in ARTICLE T1.6.
T3.6 Overall Length
The overall length of the complete car measured between the front and rear extremes of the car product, including all components with the exception of the CO2 cylinder, MUST be a minimum of 170mm and a maximum of 210mm.

T3.7 Minimum Mass
The minimum mass of the complete car product, without the CO2 cylinder fitted MUST be:

- T37.1 Cadet Class: 52 grams
- T37.2 Development Class: 50 grams
- T37.3 Professional Class: 50 grams

T3.8 Track Clearance
The track clearance measured normal from the track surface to the lowest point of the car product (excluding the wheel volumes) MUST be a minimum of 2mm including the tether line guides. Cars with unsafe arrangements will be ineligible to race if unresolved.

T3.9 Balsa Wood Components
All balsa wood components for a completed car MUST be made from an REA supplied single standard balsa wood as defined in these rules.

T3.9.1 Default Material

- T3.9.1.1 Cadet Class
  Balsa wood is the default material for all non-rotating components of the car including the body and side pods. Other materials can only be used as explicitly specified.

- T3.9.1.2 Development & Professional Classes
  Balsa wood is the default material for all non-rotating components of the car including the body and side pods. Other materials can only be used as explicitly specified.

T3.9.2 Thickness
Balsa wood components MUST be a minimum of 3mm thick.

T3.10 Status During Racing
The car assembly MUST be designed so that no items other than the CO2 cylinders are removed, replaced or added to the assembly during scheduled race events.
ARTICLE T4 - BODY & SIDE POD REGULATIONS

T4.1 Body Construction
A single, continuous piece of CNC manufactured balsa wood, deemed the body, MUST exist rear of the front axle centre line. The body begins at either the front axle centre line or at the boundary of the front wheel support and extends rearward. The body, encompasses the side pods, virtual cargo and CO2 cylinder chamber.

T4.2 Implants, Foreign Objects or Voids
Implants, foreign objects or voids in or on the car body and side pods MUST NOT be incorporated.

T4.3 Side Pod Projected Surface
Each side pod MUST present a complete rectangular projected surface when viewed from the side measuring not less than 30mm wide x 15mm high.

T4.4 Virtual Cargo
A virtual cargo MUST be completely encompassed by the body and be wholly positioned between the front and rear wheel centre lines. The virtual cargo MUST have minimum dimensions as shown below, with its top surface split symmetrical by the vertical reference plane of the car body. The virtual cargo MUST NOT be intersected by the FRONT wheel support system but MAY share common faces with the car body.

T4.5 Virtual Cargo Identification
The virtual cargo location and compliance MUST be clearly dimensioned and identified by hatching, shading, or block colour within the engineering drawings submitted for scrutineering judging. Refer to the example diagram below.
T4.6 Exclusion Zones

When viewed from the top and side, the car body MUST NOT exist within a dimension of 15mm immediately rear of either front wheel (measured horizontally at wheel centre line). On each side the volume width extends from the inner edge of the front wheel out to the widest point of the car, and the volume height extends from the track surface up to highest point of the car. This is measured parallel to the vertical reference plane and track surface.

ARTICLE T5 - NOSECONE REGULATIONS

T5.1 Construction Material

Professional Class and Development Class teams MAY manufacture the nosecone or parts thereof from separate, non-metallic materials.

T5.2 Positioning

Alternative non-metallic materials forming the nosecone MUST NOT be present behind the centre line of the front axle.

ARTICLE T6 - WING REGULATIONS

T6.1 Wing Identification

The surfaces defining both the front and rear wings MUST be identified clearly within the engineering drawings submitted for scrutineering judging.

T6.2 Clear Airspace

T6.2.1 Front Wing

For a front wing to be deemed to exist, the wing surface MUST have a minimum of 3mm of clear ‘air’ space, to any other part of the car and track surface, measured normal from any part of the wing’s surface.

T6.2.2 Rear Wing

For a rear wing to be deemed to exist, the wing surface MUST have a minimum of 3mm of clear ‘air’ space, to any other part of the car and track surface, measured normal from any part of the wing’s surface.
T6.3 Front Wing Positioning

The whole of the front wing and support structure when viewed from the side MUST be in front of the centre line of the front axle.

T6.4 Construction & Rigidity

The wing span dimension MUST remain unchanged during races, i.e. wings must be rigid – ruled at the judge’s discretion.

T6.5 Front Wing Construction Material

Professional Class and Development Class Teams MAY manufacture the front wing and any supporting structure connecting it to the nosecone from separate, non-metallic materials.

T6.6 Connection with Nosecone

The front wing or its support structure MUST be connected only to the nosecone.

T6.7 Span

Where the wing span is intersected by another part of the car, the total span is the sum of each segment. The wing span is measured on the top or bottom surface of the wing, whichever is shortest, parallel to track surface and normal to the vertical reference plane.

T6.7.1 Front wing span

- T6.7.1.1 Made from balsa wood: Min. 34mm
- T6.7.1.2 Made from alternative material: Min. 40mm

T6.7.2 Rear wing span

- T6.7.2.1 Made from balsa wood: Min. 34mm
- T6.7.2.2 Made from alternative material: Min. 40mm

T6.8 Span Segments

The span of a wing can be intersected by the car body, nosecone or wing support structure to form span segments. All span segments MUST conform to the wing chord and thickness regulations. If intersected, at least two (2) of the front wing segments and two (2) of the rear wing segments must be no less than the minimum size in span.

Minimum segment span: 10mm

Wing and Span Calculations Explained

To be included in the judge’s wing span calculation, a wing segment MUST be at least 10mm in span. If ANY of the segments A, B, C, D & E were less than 10mm, they would not qualify as wing segments, but would instead be treated as wing support structures.
T6.9 Front & Rear Wing Chord
The wing chord requirements MUST be satisfied throughout the wing’s minimum span. The chord is the distance between the leading edge and trailing edge measured parallel to the vertical reference plane.

T6.9.1 Front wing chord - Min: 15mm [2 Pt Penalty]
T6.9.2 Rear wing chord - Min: 15mm [2 Pt Penalty]

T6.10 Front & Rear Wing Thickness
The wing thickness requirements MUST be satisfied throughout the wing’s minimum span, measured perpendicular to the chord line.

T6.10.1 Front wing thickness [2 Pt Penalty]
T6.10.1.1 Made from balsa wood: Min: 3.5mm / Max: 9mm
T6.10.1.2 Made from alternative material: Min: 1.5mm / Max: 9mm

T6.10.2 Rear wing thickness [2 Pt Penalty]
T6.10.2.1 Made from balsa wood: Min: 3.5mm / Max: 9mm
T6.10.2.2 Made from alternative material: Min: 1.5mm / Max: 9mm

T6.11 Rear Wing Positioning [1 Pt Penalty]
The whole of the rear wing when viewed from the side MUST be behind the centre line of the rear axle.
**T6.12  Rear Wing Height**

The bottom surface of the rear wing **MUST** be higher than 34mm when measured from and normal to the track surface.

**T6.13  Rear Wing Construction Material**

Development Class teams **MUST** manufacture the rear wing and any supporting structure from balsa wood.

**T6.14  Rear Wing Support Structure**

If Professional Class teams manufacture the rear wing and any supporting structure from separate, non-metallic materials, these materials **MUST** be completely contained behind the rear axle centre line.

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**ARTICLE T7 - WHEEL REGULATIONS**

**T7.1  Number and location**

The car assembly **MUST** include 4 cylindrical wheels, two at the front and two at the rear. The two front wheels **MUST** share a common centerline. The two back wheels **MUST** share a common centerline.

**T7.2  REA Standard Wheels**

**T7.2.1  Cadet & Development Class Teams**

Development and Cadet Class Teams **MUST** use any combination of four (4) unmodified REA standard wheels. No other parts can be added to the wheels. Removal of the sprue remnant is acceptable.

**T7.2.2  Professional Class Teams**

Professional Class Teams **MAY** use any combination of four (4) unmodified REA standard wheels or manufacture their own. The wheel material used is unrestricted. (NOTE: Modified REA Standard Wheels are classified team manufactured.)

**T7.3  Diameter**

The wheel diameter for “team manufactured wheels” as measured to the extreme outer edges of each wheel **MUST** be a minimum of 26mm.

**T7.4  Track Contact Width**

The wheel track contact width for “team manufactured wheels” as measured between the extreme outer edges along the contiguous contact line of each wheel **MUST** be a minimum of 15mm.
T7.5  Full Contact Width

With a CO2 cylinder loaded, all 4 wheels MUST touch the racing surface at the same time across the full contact width of the wheel (zero tolerance). That is, there MUST be no “camber”. (Tested using the thickness of a strip of 80gsm paper on a flat surface.).

T7.6  No Tyre Tread

Wheel dimensions MUST be consistent in diameter and circumference across the contact width of the wheel (i.e., “tyre tread” is not allowed)

T7.7  Freely Rotating Wheels

The track contact surface of all four wheels MUST rotate freely about their own centre axis to facilitate motion of the car during racing. A car must be able to roll unassisted from a standing start down a straight ramp surface angled at 10 degrees from the horizontal for a minimum distance of 500 mm. Sliding or skidding motion of any wheel is not permitted and ALL wheels must freely rotate for the full distance.

T7.8  Visibility in Front View

Visibility of the front wheels in the car’s front view MUST only be obstructed to a height of 15mm from the track surface.

T7.9  Visibility from Top, Bottom & Side

The view of the wheels MUST NOT be obscured in any way, by any component of the car, in the car’s top, bottom and side elevation views. A minimum of a 1mm vertical exclusion zone MUST be present in front of each wheel and behind each rear wheel and in the top view, the track surface MUST be visible immediately in front and behind the wheel width.
ARTICLE T8 - WHEEL SUPPORT REGULATIONS

T8.1 Projected Cylinder Volume
The wheel support system **MUST** be fully contained within the volume of the cylinder formed by the projection of the wheel circumference (from the side view).

T8.2 Integration with Wing Support Systems
Wheel support systems **MUST NOT** be integrated with wing support systems.

T8.3 REA Standard Grommets
Development and Cadet Class Teams **MUST** use four (4) unmodified REA axle grommets.

T8.4 REA Standard Axles

T8.4.1 Development Class Teams
Development Class Teams **MUST** use two (2) REA standard axles (3.175mm) OR axles from a different material with a minimum 3mm diameter.

T8.4.2 Cadet Class Teams
Cadet Class Teams **MUST** use two (2) standard brass axles (3.175mm) supplied by REA. No other axle material can be used.

T8.5 Modifications

T8.5.1 Development and Cadet Class Teams
Development and Cadet Class Teams **MUST NOT** use any other parts or make any other modifications to the wheel support system.

T8.5.2 Professional Class Teams
Professional Class teams **MAY** manufacture their own wheel support system and the wheel support system materials are unrestricted.

ARTICLE T9 - TETHER LINE GUIDE REGULATIONS

T9.1 Location
Each car **MUST** have 2 (essentially circular) tether line guides firmly secured toward the front and rear of the car, located on the underside along the car body centre line. The track tether line passes through these two tether line guides. An adhesive **MAY** be used to help secure the tether line guides.
T9.2 Separation
The longitudinal separation of the tether line guides as measured between the inside edges of the guides MUST be a minimum of 120mm.

T9.3 Inside Diameter
The inside diameter of the tether line guide (referring to the size of the hole) MUST be a minimum of 3mm.

T9.4 Safety
T9.4.1 Closed Guides
The tether line guides MUST be closed to prevent the tether line from coming out of the tether line guide. This is considered a safety issue. Cars WILL be ineligible to race if unresolved.

T9.4.2 Sharp Edges
Tether guide arrangements with sharp edges WILL be prevented from racing.

T9.4.3 Strength & Fixing
Adequate strength and fixing of the tether line guides MUST be considered a safety issue and cars with unsafe arrangements will be ineligible to race if unresolved. The guides must be robust so as to prevent the diameter or shape changing during racing. A tether line guide test will be conducted during scrutineering using a 200g mass (2.0N max) to check the guides are securely fitted to the car and safe to race.
T9.5 Cadet Class Restrictions

T9.5.1 REA Standard Tether Line Guides
Cadet Class Teams MUST use the REA supplied Tether Line Guides.

T9.5.2 Positioning of REA Standard Tether Line Guides
Cadet Class Teams MUST place Tether Line Guides within the 6mm x 6mm tether slot feature on the standard balsa block.

ARTICLE T10 - POWER PLANT PROVISIONS

T10.1 Interfacing with Launch Pod
The cylinders provide the car propulsion and all cars MUST interface directly with the standard track starting pod mechanism without the use of additional launch equipment.

T10.2 Diameter
The CO2 cylinder chamber diameter MUST be 19mm (+/- 0.5mm)

T10.3 Depth
Depth of chamber measured parallel to the vertical reference plane anywhere around the chamber circumference from opening to chamber end MUST be a minimum 50mm and maximum 60mm.

T10.4 Distance from Track Surface
The vertical height of the lowest point of the CO2 cylinder chamber above the race track surface MUST be a minimum of 22mm for the Cadet Class and 20mm for Development and Professional Classes.

T10.5 Chamber Wall Thickness
The CO2 cylinder chamber MUST be completely surrounded by car body only. The chamber surrounds and connection to the car body will be accessed and if determined below the minimum thickness, may be considered a safety issue at the judge’s discretion. Minimum thickness is measured through any line of the chamber radius. IMPORTANT: The entire circumference and length of the cylinder chamber must not be punctured by any object.
Min: 3mm

T10.6 Finishing of Chamber Surrounds
Paint and other foreign materials MUST NOT be present inside the CO2 cylinder chamber. This is considered a measure of manufacturing quality control.

T10.7 Interaction with Cylinder
The cylinder MUST be able to be inserted and withdrawn without removal and replacement of car parts.
ARTICLE T11 - APPENDICES

T11.1 Finish Gate and Race Track Section View from Rear

T11.2 Launch Pod Side and Front Views
T11.3 Official REA Balsa Block Dimensions
Below: Orthographic projection of REA Standard Balsa Wood Block. All dimensions shown in millimetres. Not drawn to scale.
T11.4 REA Standard Tether Guide Insertion Instructions
Can be used in balsa wood blocks.
T11.5 Official REA Standard Wheel Kit

[Diagram showing the dimensions and views of the REA Standard Wheel Kit]
T11.6 Example Orthogonal Drawing